

Precertification Information Request Form

About this form

All BRCA tests require precertification. Failure to complete this form in its entirety may result in the delay of review. Effective June 20, 2016, this form replaces all other BRCA precertification information request documents and forms.

Once completed, this form contains confidential information. Only the individual or entity it's addressed to can use it. If you're not the intended recipient, or the employee or agent responsible for delivering the form to the intended recipient, you can't disseminate, distribute or copy the completed form. If you received the completed form in error, call us at 1-877-794-8720.

How to fill out this form

As the patient's attending physician, you must complete **all** sections of the form. You can use this form with all Aetna health plans, including Aetna's Medicare Advantage plans. You can also use this form with health plans for which Aetna provides certain management services. This includes Innovation Health Plan, Inc., and Innovation Health Insurance Company.

When you're done

Once you've filled out the form, fax it and all requested medical documentation to us at **1-860-975-9126**. Or you can submit the completed form and the specimen sample to one of our network BRCA testing laboratories listed below. Then they'll submit the form to us.

- Quest Diagnostics, Inc.: Fax the precertification form to 1-855-422-5181. Call BRCAvantage Concierge Services at 1-866-436-3463 or visit www.brcavantage.com for more information.
- Ambry Genetics: Fax the precertification form to 1-949-900-5501. Order collection and transportation kits from by calling 1-866-262-7943 or online at www.ambrygen.com.
- GeneDx, Genpath, Bio-Reference: Order collection and transportation kits by calling 1-888-729-1206 or online at www.genedx.com/oncology.
- Myriad Genetics Laboratories, Inc.: Fax the precertification form to 1-801-584-3615. If you have questions, call 1-800-469-7423.
- Medical Diagnostic Lab, LLC: Fax the precertification form to 1-609-570-1062. If you have questions, call 1-877-269-0090 or visit www.mdlab.com.
- Counsyl: For more information, call 1-888-COUNSYL (1-888-268-6795), send an e-mail to support@counsyl.com or visit www.counsyl.com.
- Dynacare Northwest, Inc. (for members living in the states of Washington or West Virginia only): Submit the precertification form with specimen sample to Dynacare Northwest, Inc. If you have questions about testing, call 1-800-533-0567. If you have questions about insurance, billing or precertification call 1-877-415-0002.

What happens next?

Once we receive the requested documentation, we'll perform a clinical review. Then we'll make a coverage determination and let you know our decision.

How we make coverage determinations

For our Medicare Advantage members, we use CMS benefit policies, including national coverage determinations (NCD) and local coverage determinations (LCD) when available, to make our coverage determinations If there isn't an available NCD or LCD to review, then we'll use the Clinical Policy Bulletin referenced below to make the determination.

For all other members, we encourage you to review Clinical Policy Bulletin #227: BRCA Testing, Prophylactic Mastectomy, and Prophylactic Oophorectomy before you complete this form. You can find the policy by visiting the website on the back of the member's ID card.

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BRCA Precertification Information Request Form

Failure to complete this form in its entirety may result in the delay of review.			
Fax to: BRCA Precertification Department		Fax number: 1-860-975-9126	
Section 1: To be completed by ordering physician			
Member name:		Member ID:	
Member address:			
Member phone #: Member da		of birth:	Gender: M F
Physician name: Physician NPI number:			
Physician phone number: Physician status: Participating Non-participat		☐ Non-participating	
Physician address:			
IPA name:	PA name: IPA NPI Number:		
IPA address:			
IPA phone #: 1			
Section 2: Provide the	following gene	ral information	
Laboratory name:			
Laboratory phone number: Laboratory status: Participating			
Date of specimen collection:			
Section	3: Test menu		
BRCA 1 and BRCA 2 gene sequencing comprehensive testing (CPT 81211) BRCA 1/2 three gene mutation panel for Ashkenazi Jewish Ancestry (187delAG, 5385InsC, 6174delT) (CPT 81212) BRCA 1/2 three gene mutation panel for Ashkenazi Jewish Ancestry with reflex to comprehensive (CPT 81212, 81211) Large Rearrangement (BART) testing¹ (Medicare members only) (CPT 81213) BRCA 1 and BRCA 2 gene sequencing comprehensive and BART testing¹ (Medicare members only) (CPT 81162) BRCA 1 Single site testing (CPT 81215); specify relationship and mutation: BRCA 2 Single site testing (CPT 81217); specify relationship and mutation: BRACAnalysis CDx™ (CPT 81211, 81213); include all failed lines of chemotherapy: 1			

¹ Aetna does not cover large rearrangement testing (BART) unless the member is covered by Medicare and meets criteria for comprehensive testing. There is inadequate information regarding the frequency of large genomic re-arrangements in the United States populations to indicate that testing or retesting for these specific mutations (e.g., the BART) is useful or effective in managing the care of members, including those with a strong family history of breast, ovarian or pancreatic cancer.

In addition, Aetna does not cover multigene hereditary breast cancer panels that accompany BRCA testing because there is insufficient published evidence of their clinical validity and utility. Information regarding this can be found in our Clinical Policy Bulletin (CPB): BRCA Testing, Prophylactic Mastectomy, and Prophylactic Oophorectomy available at **www.aetna.com**.



Member name:	
Member date of birth:	

Section 4: Personal cancer history ²			
Personal history of breast of Person history of breast ca Unilateral Bilate	ast/ovarian/pancreatic cancer cancer - currently under treatmenter - treatment completed eral Triple Negative Date of diagnosis:/	ent	
Ductal carcinoma in s	,	,	
l	cancer ³ - currently under treatr cancer - treatment completed	ment	
Personal history of pancrea	•		
Other clinical history, pleas	e specify:		
	Section 5: Persor	nal testing history	
Other, please specify: Previous testing lab:	n panel testing sequencing testing sequencing and large rearrange		
Date of testing: Results:			
Tesuits.	Section 6: Famil		
No known family history of h	breast, ovarian or pancreatic ca		rv
Relationship to patient	Maternal (M) or paternal (P) side	Type of cancer	Age at diagnosis

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² Members who seek coverage for BRCA1/2 testing for the benefit of OTHER family members must seek reimbursement of payment from the OTHER family member's insurance carrier. BRCA analysis for the medical management of OTHER family members is not a covered benefit for Aetna members.

³ For purposes of these guidelines, ovarian cancer includes fallopian tube and primary peritoneal carcinoma.



Member name:	
Member date of birth:	

	Section 7: Risk criteria category for FEMALES		
	Person	al history of ovarian cancer ¹ Date of ovarian cancer diagnosis: Month Year	
	Person	al history of breast cancer ² Date of breast cancer diagnosis: Month Year	
	<u> </u>	Breast cancer ² diagnosed at age 45 years or younger; or	
	☐ 2.	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		a. At least one close blood relative ³ with breast cancer ² at age 50 years or younger; or	
		b. At least one close blood relative ³ with epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ ; or	
		c. Limited family structure ⁴ or no family history available because member is adopted; or	
		d. Bilateral breast cancer ² or two primaries ⁵ , with first diagnosis age 50 years or younger	
	<u></u> 3.	Breast cancer ² is diagnosed at age 60 years or younger and is triple negative ⁶	
	∐ 4.	Breast cancer ² is diagnosed at any age, with any of the following:	
		a. At least two close blood relatives ³ on the same side of the family with breast cancer ² and/or epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ at any age; or	
		b. Member has two breast primaries ⁵ and has at least one close blood relative ³ with either breast cancer	
		diagnosed at age 50 or younger or with epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ ; or	
		c. Close blood relative ³ with either breast cancer ² at age 50 or younger or with epithelial ovarian cancer ¹	
		(Medicare only); or	
		d. At least two close blood relatives ³ with pancreatic cancer or prostate cancer with Gleason score > 7 at	
		any age (Medicare only); or e. Close male blood relative ³ with breast cancer ² ; or	
		f. First, second or third degree blood relative with a known BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation ⁷ ; or	
		g. Two close relatives ³ on the same side of the family with pancreatic adenocarcinoma at any age; or	
		h. Ethnicity is associated with higher mutation frequency (Ashkenazi Jewish) ⁸ .	
		al history of pancreatic adenocarcinoma at any age with two close relatives ³ on the same side of the with breast cancer ² , epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ , and/or pancreatic adenocarcinoma at any age	
		sonal history of breast ² , ovarian cancer ¹ or pancreatic adenocarcinoma (coverage excluded by	
ш	Medica	re) ⁹	
		Women with three or more close blood relatives ³ on the same side of the family with breast cancer; or	
	<u></u> 2.	Women with at least one close blood relative ³ with:	
		a. male breast cancer; or	
		b. both breast ² and epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ .	
	<u></u> 3.	Women with two close blood relatives ³ on the same side of the family with:	
		a. and epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ ; or	
		b. breast cancer ² , one of whom was diagnosed at age 50 years or younger; or	
	Пα	c. breast cancer ² in one relative and epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ in another relative Women with first degree relative with bilateral breast cancer ⁵ ; or	
	☐ 4.	Women with one or more close blood relatives ³ with both breast ² and epithelial ovarian cancer ¹ ; or	
	☐ 6	Women of Ashkenazi Jewish descent with a first degree relative or two or more second degree relatives on the	
	o.	same side of the family with breast or epithelial ovarian cancer ⁸ ; or	
	∐ 7.	Women with first, second or third degree blood relatives with a known BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation ⁹ .	
Ш		n who do not meet any of the above criteria but are determined through both independent formal genetic eling and validated quantitative risk assessment tool ⁷ to have at least a 10% pre-test probability of	
		g a BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation. Note: In this category only, a 3-generation pedigree and quantitative risk	
		ment results must be faxed directly to us at 1-860-975-9126. Pedigree template available on request.	
		mal genetic counseling	
		mar genetic councoming rec rec	



Member date of birth:			
Section 8: Risk criteria category for MALES			
Personal history of breast cancer; or First, second or third degree blood relative with a known BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutation, where the results will influence clinical utility (e.g., reproductive decision-making) ¹⁰ (coverage excluded by Medicare) ⁹			
Section 9: Medical management (if patient tests positive)			
Prophylactic oophorectomy Bilateral Tamox	ifen chemoprevention		
Prophylactic mastectomy Bilateral Increas	sed breast surveillance		
Section 10: Patient education			
Consistent with the 1997 National Institutes of Health Consensus Statement on guidelines for care of patients with BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutations and American College of Medical Genetics guidelines, prior to testing and follow-up treatment, the patient must give informed consent in accordance with applicable law. Also consistent with such guidelines, such informed consent discussions should include at least the following:			
 Clarification of the patient's increased risk status Explanation of how genetics affects cancer susceptibility Potential benefits, risk, and limitations of testing 	5. Limited data regarding efficacy of methods for early detection and prevention6. Possible psychological and social impact of testing		
4. Possible outcomes of testing (e.g., positive, negative or uncertain test results)	7. Counseling regarding therapeutic options, including limitations		

Member name:

Section 11: Read this important information

Any person who knowingly files a request for authorization of coverage of a medical procedure or service with the intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company by providing materially false information or conceals material information for the purpose of misleading, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Section 12: Sign the form

By signing this form, I certify that the member listed above has given informed consent in accordance with the guidelines and risks above and that the BRCA analysis will be used to direct the medical management of this member.

Form completed by (please print):	Title:
Physician Signature (required) :	
Contact Person:	Phone Number:

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¹ For the purposes of these guidelines, fallopian tube and primary peritoneal carcinoma should be included.

² The term "breast cancer" includes both invasive and ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) breast cancers. Lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS) is not included.

³ Close blood relatives include first-degree relatives (i.e., mother, sister, daughter) or second-degree relatives (i.e., aunt, grandmother, niece), all of whom are on the same side of the family. For affected Medicare members, close relatives would also include third-degree relatives (i.e. great grandmother, great aunt and first-degree cousin).

⁴ A limited family history is defined as a member who has fewer than two 1st or 2nd degree female relatives in the same lineage that lived to age 45. The "limited family history" can occur on either the maternal or paternal side of family. A three generation pedigree is needed for this category.

⁵ Two breast primaries in a single individual includes bilateral disease or cases where there are two or more clearly separate ipsilateral primary tumors.

⁶ Triple negative breast cancer is when the individual's breast cancer cells test negative for estrogen receptors (ER-), progesterone receptors (PR-) and human epidermal growth factor receptors (HER2-).

⁷ Validated quantitative risk assessment tools include BRCAPRO, Yale, University of Pennsylvania (UPenn I or UPenn II), BOADICEA (Breast and Ovarian Analysis of Disease Incidence and Carrier Estimation Algorithm) and Tyrer-Cuzick (IBIS Breast Cancer Risk Evaluation Tool).

⁸ For screening of Ashkenazi Jewish women, a screening panel for the founder mutations common in the Ashkenazi Jewish population (multisite testing) is considered medically necessary. If founder mutation testing is negative, full gene sequencing (reflex testing) is considered medically necessary only if member meets any one of the criteria described above.

⁹ Medicare does not cover BRCA genetic testing in the absence of a personal history of breast or ovarian cancer, since it is considered to be screening and is specifically excluded by Medicare.

¹⁰ Testing in this scenario is for the specific identified mutation (single site testing).